〈英文法超基礎⑩〉 アウトプット	
1 次の英文の()に入れるのに適当なものを1つ選ぼう。[4点×10:40点]	
(1) I expect I shall see you () you're in Tokyo.(日本好大) <during that="" then="" while=""></during>]
(2) The staff member wrote down the name of the hotel () I wouldn't forget it. < in case/now that/so that/unless>(立命館)	大) [
(3) You must go there with your parents,() you like it or not < when / though / whether / as > (名城大) [j
(4) That waiter was () that we didn't want to complain about the poor service. (青山学院大) [/ so kindness a man/so kindness of a man / such nice a man / such a nice man / such old computer was quite complicated, () my new one is quite simple. (東京理科大)]
<pre>< despite / unlike / wherever / whereas ></pre>]
(6)The soup was () hot that I almost burned my tongue. <such much="" so="" very="">(芝浦工大) [</such>]
(7)We are sending our representative () you may discuss the matter with her. (法政大) [<in as="" in="" order="" that="" to=""></in>]
(8)() people in Japan take their shoes off indoors, people in China don't.(南山大) < Because of / However/Despite/While > []
(9)() was the professor's pride that she could not ignore the insult. < So/Such/Small/Little > (摂南大) []
(10) Some people are visual learners, () others are kinesthetic. learners. < what/when/while/why>(官崎大) []

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2 次の各問いに答えよう。(5点x5:25点)
(1)本を読んでいる間に眠ってしまった。(龍谷大)
   I fell asleep ( ) reading.
(2) It was ① so good milk that they ② couldn't stop drinking ③ it.
④ The weather was also warm. (早稲田大)
(3) Please open up your bag (can/have/I/so/you/see/what)
 in it. (近畿大)
                                               ] in it.
 Please open up your bag I
(4) She is not too old to do any work (小樽商大)
                ) old ( ) she cannot do any work.
  = She is not (
(5)とても難しい試験だったので、やり終える時間がなかった。(関西外語大)
                    ) hard test ( ) we did not
 have time to finish.
3 次の日本文を()内の語を使って英語に直そう。[7点×5:35点]
(1)たとえどんなに高くても、私はそれを買いたい。(how)
                                              lit
(2)私はたいへん腹を立てたので自制心を失ってしまった。(such, control)
  My anger L
                                        I of myself.
(3)彼女は寝過ごしたので、列車に乗り遅れた。(that)
(4)彼女はとても頭のいい生徒だ。たので、先生たちはみな彼女に感心した。
                                       (明治学院大)
 (so, admire)
  She was L
            I her
(5)彼は英語を勉強するために、アメリカへ行った。(so, the U.S.)
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