| 〈英文法超基礎(②)〉 アウトプット  |
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| 1 次の英文の()に入れるのに適当なものを1つ選ぼう。[4点×10:40点]  |
| (1)Why on ( ) did you sell your newly-built house? (中央大) < earth/place/reason/ground > [ ]  |
| (2) If ( ) in the refrigerator, this piece of fish will last for two days. $<$ keeping/kept/to keep/you keep $>$ ( 工教大)   |
| (3) There is little, ( ), hope of recovering the data. (西南学院大)<br><if any="" ever="" if="" only="" some=""> [ ]</if>  |
| (4) His condition is, ( ), better than in the morning. (同志社大) < if any / if only / if not / if anything > [ ]   |
| (5) It is the psychologist ( ) studies the human mind. (近畿大)<br>< which / when / who / what >   |
| (6) I seldom, ( ), go to my hometown in Hokkaido. (東京薬大)<br><if any="" ever="" if="" never="" rarely=""> [ ]</if>   |
| (7) After many years of war, the country has lost much of its power ( ), its influence should not be underestimated. (センター試験) $<$ Even so / Even though / So / Thus $>$ [ ] |
| (8) I should really reduce the hours I spend online, ( ) quit the internet entirely. (青山学院大) < even I / ever to / if not / not I > [ ]                                      |
| (9) It was only when I read her letter ( ) I realized what was happening. $<$ how/that/why/which $>$ [ (大阪大谷大)  |
| (10)( ) you went into the room with?(西南学院大)<br><who is="" it="" she="" that="" that<br="" was="" what="" who="">[</who>   |

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2 次の各問いに答えよう。[5点×5:25点]
(1)彼女を好きなのは優しいからだ。
 It is (because/her/I/is/kind/like/she/that/why). (1語不要)
                                       (東京理科大)
 It is
(2)私のいない間に、私の日記を読んだのはいったい誰だ? (日本工大)
                  ) that read my diary while I was out?
(3)私は、子どものころにピアノが弾けるようになれなか。たことを、本当に悔やんで
1) # 1 (piano/do/learning/play/to/the/not/regret) when I was
a child. (関西学院大)
                                       I when I was ....
(4) You're not making any sense— (is / it / that / what / you) want? You're not making any sense—[ ] want?
                                             (東京大)
(5)間違っているのはぼくではなく君の方だ。(1語不要)
 It (who/I/is/am/you/but/are/not) wrong. (工学院大)
                               I wrong.
|3|次の日本文を()内の語を使って英語に直そう。[7点×5:35点]
(1)昨日になって初めて私たちはその悪い知らせを聞いた。(until)(実践好大)
 Tt [
(2)状況をさらに悪くしたのは彼の言い訳であった。(make, t)(流通経済大)
                                         (東北学院大)
(3)いったい私を何だと思っているんだ。(earth, take)
(4)肝心なのは何を読む分ではなくて、どう読むかだ。(count ) (慶應義塾大)
 It is l
(5)もし誤りがあれば訂正しなさい。(correct)
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