

<英文法超基礎⑨⑦> アウトプット

/100

① 次の英文の () に入れるのに 適当なものを1つ選ぼう。 [4点×10:40点]

(1) When I went to the U.S. last summer, I visited the house
() George Washington lived. (津田塾大) []
< that / what / where / which >

(2) Many tourists visit () is an ancient capital of Japan.
< Kyoto which / Kyoto, which / Kyoto, that / Kyoto where > (龍谷大) []

(3) The mountain () you climbed last summer is the second
highest mountain in Japan. (亜細亜大) []
< what / whom / which / where >

(4) He has been in hospital for two weeks. That's () he can't
come today. < because / how / why / the way > (東京電機大) []

(5) The day will come () you will realize it. (千葉商科大) []
< how / which / what / when >

(6) I tried to solve the problem, () I found a waste of time.
< which / that / it / as > []

(7) The people present were worried about Betty because no one
was aware () she had gone. (同志社大)
< of where / that the place to
that the place was / of the place to > []

(8) China is a country () I've wanted to visit for a long time.
< which / where / in which / to which > (東京電機大) []

(9) Last winter I went to Hong Kong, () as warm as I had expected.
< when wasn't / where it wasn't / where wasn't / which it wasn't >
(センター試験) []

(10) He looked like a lawyer, () he was. (明治学院大) []
< what / which / who / whom >

② 次の各問いに答えよう。[5点×5: 25点]

(1) The students (for/explained/late/reason/the/to me/they/why/were) the lecture. (立命館大)

The students []
the lecture.

(2) His recent promotion will (the/change/at/look/way/we) him.
His recent promotion will [] him. (立教)

(3)(a) I don't like him. That is because he is always saying bad things about other people.

= (b) He is always saying bad things about other people.

That () () I don't like him. (静岡県立大短大部)

(4) I overcame the hardship in this way.

= This is () I overcame the hardship. (大阪教育大)

(5) I know the reason why Tom was angry with them. (中京大)

= I know the reason () () Tom was angry with them.

③ 次の日本語を()内の語を使って英語に直そう。[7点×5: 35点]

(1) 彼の話し方から判断すると、大阪生まれではないと思います。(way)

[], I'm sure he is not

a native of Osaka. (四天王寺大)

(2) 正午にお越しくださいば、その時までには私は会社に戻っているでしょう。(which)

Please come at noon, []
(西南学院大)

(3) このようにして事故は起こったのだ。(how)

[] (立命館大)

(4) 彼女には3人の息子がいたが、全員が医者になった。(whom)

[] (東海大)

(5) 多くの人は朝食を抜きがちだが、それは健康に良くない。(which) (立教大)

Many people tend to skip breakfast, []