

## <英文法超基礎⑦④> アウトプット

① ( )内の動詞を適切な形にしよう。[3点×5: 15点]

- (1) I ( see ) Tom yesterday. [ ]
- (2) He ( study ) English when I called him. [ ]
- (3) World War II ( end ) in 1945. [ ]
- (4) The phone rang while I ( run ). [ ]
- (5) I ( read ) around midnight last night. [ ]

② 次の英文の ( )に入れるのに適切なものを< >のうちから1つ選ぼう。[4点×5]

- (1) These plants ( ). Can you give them a little water?  
< are dead / are dying / had died / died > (兵庫医療大)
- (2) When I was a child, I ( ) the piano. (慶應義塾大)  
< was playing / had played / had been playing / played >
- (3) I ( ) for a trading company in Tokyo at this time next year.  
< have been working / will be working / have worked / was working >  
(名城大)
- (4) James ( ) an early flight to Paris tomorrow. (北里大)  
< are going to take / took / is taking / has taken >
- (5) Tom ( ) a house, but he couldn't finish it.  
< was building / built / has built / had built > (京都外大)

- (1) [ ] (2) [ ] (3) [ ]
- (4) [ ] (5) [ ]

③ 次の英文を日本語に訳そう。[5点×2: 10点]

- (1) It will be raining at seven tomorrow.

(

).

- (2) He said he was seeing his friend at six.

(

).

4 下の日本語に合うように、( )に適切な語句を入れよう。[5点×5:25点]

(1) 男子生徒が池で溺れていた。

A schoolboy ( ) in the pond.

(2) 彼は電車に乗り込もうとしているところだった。

He ( ) get on the train.

(3) マハトマ・ガンジーは1869年に生まれた。

Mahatma Gandhi ( ) in 1869. (上智大)

(4) 電話が鳴ったとき、私はまさにその書類に署名するところだった。(法政大改)

When my phone rang, I ( ) signing the document.

(5) 「電話が鳴ってるよ」「僕が出ます」(getを使って)

"The phone's ringing." "I ( ) it."

5 下の日本語を英語に直そう。[6点×5:30点]

(1) 明日の今ごろは、トムとテニスをしているだろう。

[

]

(2) 彼は子どものとき、大阪に住んでいた。

[

]

(3) 私たちが海に着いたときには、多くの人が泳いでいた。

[

]

(4) 今年の夏、私は北海道を訪れる予定だ。

[

]

(5) 車は交差点で止まろうとしていた。

[

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