〈英文法超基礎⑱〉 アウトプット
①次の英文の()に入れるのに適当なものをく >が31つ運ぼう。[4点×10] (1) "Are you going to the concert?" "I'm not sure. I () go."
<mustn't may="" will="" won't="">(桃山学院大) [</mustn't>
(2) He () be over thirty; he must still be in his twenties. < may/must/can't/oughtn't>(東北工大) []
(3) Dorothy isn't in the office; she () coffee in the cafeteria. <an be="" can="" have="" having="" might=""> (typ-) [</an>
(4)() you live long and die happy!(芝浦工業大)[< Should/Would/Can/May>
(5) The car broke down, and we () a taxi. [<must (應度大)<="" get="" got="" gotten="" had="" have="" must="" td="" to=""></must>
(6) The opera starts at seven. We () be late. (事修大) < needn't/mustn't/don't have to/haven't to>[]
(7) I went to Mexico last week, and I () her then (明治大) $<$ could meet/had met/cannot meet/was able to meet>
(8) We () hurry. There are still thirty minutes before the train leaves. < must not/may not/don't have to/have not to>(札幌大)
(9) I've heard Jim rejected the proposal. What () he possibly want? < shall/must/oughtn't/can > [] (東京国際大)
(10) The boy solved the problem faster than anybody else. He () be very intelligent. < may/must/can't/ought > [(京都產大)

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② 次の各問いに答えよう。[5点×5:25点]
(1) 行きたくても行きたくなくても行かねばなりません。(並べ替えよう)
  You've (go/got/it/like/or/to/whether/you) not.
   You've [
                                          not (早稲田大)
(2)雨が降。ているが行くつもりだ、と彼は言。た。(()に適切な語を入れよう)
   He said that he ( ) go though it was raining.
(3) You have ( ) to let me have a glance at it.(<>地口運的)
< hardly/never/nothing/only>(早稲田大)

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(4) Although many workplaces phave become more flexible, in the
nineties women still amust choose obetween having a serious career and having a family. (誤りの箇所を正しく直そう) (上智大)
(5)(a) I am sure that he is sick. (()に適切な語を入れよう)
  =(b) He ( ) be sick (鶴見大)
3 次の日本文を()内の語を使って英語に直そう。[7点×5:35点]
(1)私は明日彼女に会わなければならないだろう。( meet )
(2)辞書を貸していただけないでしょうか。(lend)
                                          19
(3)彼らは私がそこに着くまで待つ必要はなか。た。(got there)
(4)彼らと話すだけでよい。(talk)
(5)彼は時間内にそこに着くことはできなか。た。(get there)
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