

<英語語法マスター②③ 演習問題>

① 次の英文の()に入れるのに適切なものを1つ選ぼう。[4点×10:40点]

(1) We have been lucky so far, but (), luck cannot last forever. (慶應義塾大) []

< although / furthermore / in addition / unfortunately >

(2) He was standing () in the middle of the lawn. []

< left / front / right / back > (帝京大)

(3) Kate loves candy. (), she was told not to eat any sweets for a while. (武蔵大)

< Although / Besides / However / Moreover > []

(4) The job wasn't very interesting, but () it was well-paid.

< on the contrary / on the other hand / in addition / all the more > []
(上智大)

(5) It's () a long time since I started to teach at this school.

< much / pretty / quite / so > (センター試験) []

(6) The tennis courts were closed, so we went bowling ().

< either / instead / neither / rather > (立命館大) []

(7) I don't like this dress. (), it is too expensive. (青山学院大)

< Although / Beside / Besides / Though > []

(8) My family is financially sound; (), we are debt free. (関西学院)

< on the other hand / for example / for all that / nevertheless > []

(9) I () wanted to tell him how much I missed Mary. (立教大)

< so / badly / much / well > []

(10) Joseph stayed up late last night. (), he fell asleep during the mathematics class. (群馬大)

< However / As a result / Instead / In addition > []

[2] 次の各問いに答えよう。[5点×5: 25点]

- (1) As we ① have seen, most of the money spent in the United States is ② in the form of checks. Not everyone, ③ although, can write out ④ a check. (慶應義塾大)
[] → []
- (2) I didn't say I liked her; () () (), I said I didn't like her. (東京理科大)
- (3) It has snowed heavily for a week. As a result, all the transportation in the city has stopped. (東海大)
= ... for a week. (), all the transportation ... stopped.
- (4) Michael refused; () () (), his answer was "no". (札幌大)
- (5) Salt purifies; thus it became the symbol of incorruptibility.
= Salt purifies; () it became the symbol of incorruptibility. (上智大)

[3] 次の日本語を()内の語(句)を使って英語に直そう。[7点×5: 35点]

- (1) 彼と結婚しようなどと彼女は夢にも思わなかった。(little)
She [].
- (2) 彼はそれと反対のことを言った。(contrary)
[].
- (3) 彼は2つの基本的な問題に苦しんでいる、つまり時間と金である。(namely)
He is [].
- (4) 学校は9時ちょうどに始まる。(sharp)
[].
- (5) 彼はかなり変わった男だ。(unusual, quite)
[].